UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/761,152	01/20/2004	Edward E. Orner	POLY32	2560
6980 TROUTMAN S	7590 12/10/200 SANDERS LLP	EXAMINER		
600 PEACHTREE STREET , NE ATLANTA, GA 30308			NGUYEN, KIMNHUNG T	
ATLANTA, GA 30308			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2629	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/10/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/761,152	ORNER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	KIMNHUNG NGUYEN	2629				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 O</u>	ctober 2008.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-17,19 and 75-77</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-17, 19 and 75-77 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	u.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2629

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/9/08 has been entered.
- 2. This application has been examined. The claims 1-2, 4-17, 19 and 75-77 are pending. The examination results are as following.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-2, 6-8 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ahn (US 2003/0196980).

As to claim 1, Ahn disclose in figs. 20-22, a support frame for an interactive display, the interactive display vertically adjustable to a desired height located between a bottom height and a top height, the frame comprising:

Art Unit: 2629

a base element (34);

a positioning element for the interactive display (48); a position locking element (locking pin 126) for locking a vertical position of the interactive display, (see [0074]), at least one support (ladder rack106) extending vertically from the base element, the position element (48) housed within the at least one support (106), the positioning element configured to receive the interactive display. However, Ahn does not disclose that wherein the positioning element counterbalances the weight of the interactive display by applying an upward force to counteract a downward force of the interactive display, thereby allowing for the continuous level of vertical adjustment of the interactive display with a vertical repositioning force of less than about 25 pounds. It would have been obvious to have the positioning element counterbalances the weight of the interactive display by applying an upward force to counteract a downward force of the interactive display as claimed by the invention because a support frame for an interactive display can stand and stable when using a counterbalance the weight of the interactive display by applying an upward force on the display, and thereby allowing for the continuous level of vertical adjustment of the interactive display with a vertical repositioning force of less than about 25 pounds

As to claim 2, Ahn does not disclose the level of vertical repositioning of the frame has a force ranges from about 1.0 ounce to about 3 pounds.

It would have been obvious to Omura et al. and Hartel's system to have the vertical repositioning of the frame has a force of less than about 25 pounds claimed since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the weight of a system.

See <u>In re Rose</u>, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955) and

In re Reven, 156 USPQ 679 (CCPA 1968).

As to claim 6, Ahn disclose further comprising an intercative display mounted thereon (see modular display rack, see abstract).

As to claim 7, Ahn disclose the support frame further comprising a plurality of vertical supports (106, fig. 20).

As to claim 8, Ahn discloses further disclose further wherein at least one horizontal support (20) connects at least two of the plurality of vertical supports (see fig. 20).

As to claim 19, Ahn disclose further the support frame comprising a plurality of mobile (36) elements mounted on the base element.

5. Claims 75, 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ahn (US (US 2003/0196980) and Albrecht (US 6,902,074).

As to claim 75, Ahn discloses in figs. 20-22, a support frame for an interactive display, the interactive display vertically adjustable to a desired height located between a bottom height and a top height, the frame comprising: a base element (34); at least one support (106) in communication with the base element (34); and a positioning assembly in communication with the support and configured to receive the interactive display. However, Ahn does not disclose the positioning assembly enabling positioning of the interactive display in a continuous range between the bottom height and the top height, wherein the interactive display is positionable at any height between the bottom height and the top height. Albrecht discloses in figs. 1-3, a support frame comprising the positioning assembly enabling positioning is in a continuous range between the bottom height and the top height, wherein the positionable at any height between the

bottom height and the top height (see abstract, see col. 3, lines 44-56 and see claim 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the support frame comprising the positioning assembly enabling positioning is in a continuous range between the bottom height and the top height, wherein the positionable at any height between the bottom height and the top height as taught by Albrecht into the system of Ahn having support frame for an interactive display for producing the claimed invention because this would allow the stand elements to be packed and shipped in a box only and which interlock inside each other such as one up and one down (see col. 3,lines 49-53).

As to claim 77 is rejected as the same as claim 75.

6. Claim 76 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ahn (US 2003/0196980) and Albrecht (US 6,902,074) as applied to claim 75 above, and further in view of Juenger (US 2003/0206164).

Ahn and Albrecht disclose a support frame for an interactive display, the interactive display vertically adjustable to a desired height located between a bottom height and a top height, the frame comprising: a base element (34); at least one support (106) in communication with the base element (34); and a positioning assembly in communication with the support and configured to receive the interactive display. However, Ahn and Albrecht do not disclose further comprising an internal power source for powering the interactive display without physical connection to an external power source. Juenger discloses in fig. 1 a display system comprising an internal power source (22) for powering the interactive display without physical connection to

an external power source (see [0020]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the internal power source as taught by Juenger into the interactive display system of Ahn and Albrecht for producing the claimed invention because this would provide power for limited duration and is re-charged by power received from external power adapter (see [0020]).

5. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ahn (US 2003/0196980) and in view of Jakobs et al. (US 5,300,943).

Ahn does not disclose a hydraulic positioning element.

Jakobs et al. discloses in fig. 1, an electronic image processing workstation (1) comprising a support base (10) having adjustments by using the hydraulic system (see col. 8, lines 63-66 and col. 8, lines 22-35).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the hydraulic system as taught by Jakobs et al. into the support frame for interactive display of Ahn for producing the claimed invention because this would provide the adjustments are executed with the assistance of built-in electronic motors and actuators that make the system will be cooler when it's operation.

6. Claims 9-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ahn (US 2003/0196980) in view of Omura et al. (US 2003/0001825).

As to claim 9, Ahn does not disclose that wherein the interactive display is selected from a touch-sensitive display and electronic whiteboard. Omura et al. disclose the support frame,

Art Unit: 2629

wherein the interactive display is selected from a touch-sensitive display (201) and electronic whiteboard (figs. 29 and 30). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the interactive display is selected from a touch-sensitive display and electronic whiteboard as taught by Omura et al. into the system of Ahn fo rproducing the claimed invention because this would provide a coordinate-position input device, and constitutes a display surface and writing surface of the display board (see 0241).

As to claims 10-17, Ahn does not disclose further comprising a power source secured to the support frame, wherein the power source is rechargeable, or wherein the power source comprises a battery; or wherein the power source includes a power cord for recharging and includes a power level indicator. Omura et al. disclose the support frame (600, figs. 29, 30) further comprising a power source secured to the support frame, wherein the power source is rechargeable, or wherein the power source comprises a battery; and an inherent the power source includes a power cord for recharging and includes a power level indicator (see 0248). It would have been obivous to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement a power source secured to the support frame, wherein the power source is rechargeable, or wherein the power source comprises a battery as taught by Omura et al. into the support frame of Ahn for producing the claimed invention because this would provide the equipment accommodating section is a power tap for supplying to the display board system (see 0248).

Response To Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2, 4-17, 19, 75-77 filed on 10/9/08 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 2629

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to KIMNHUNG NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-

7698. The examiner can normally be reached on MON-FRI, FROM 8:30 AM-5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Richard Hjerpe can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kimnhung Nguyen/

Examiner, Art Unit 2629

/Richard Hjerpe/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2629

Application/Control Number: 10/761,152

Page 9

Art Unit: 2629